Don't do native if you want VC (\$) and why Google frameworks are very startup friendly





- Disclaimers, speaker, blah blah blah
- Startups 101 recap
- A mental model for CTOs in the making
- A good generalization: avoid native
- The risk of technical debt
- Q&A

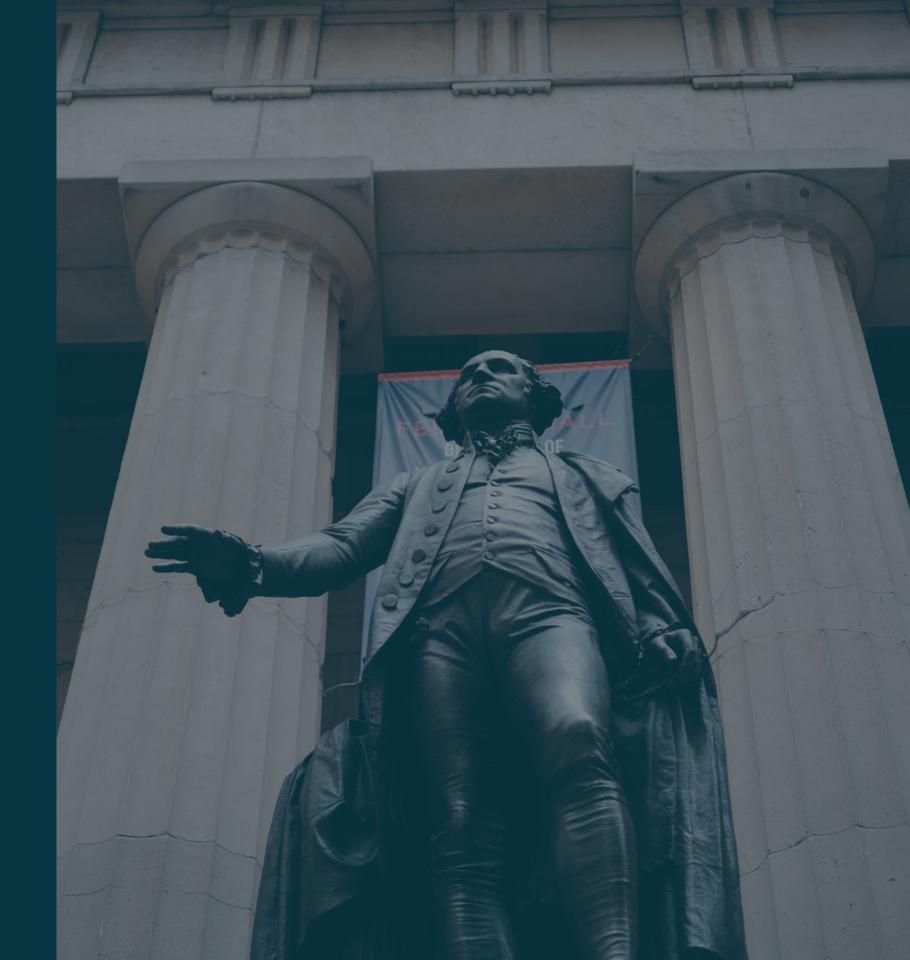
Me

@giansegato practically everywhere

- founder & ceo @ Uniwhere: we use data to make students' journey from college to the job market less stressful; raised 600K+; top 100 Startups in Berlin
- Economics background, fluent in Python, crush for Flutter \bullet
- Started freelancing as full-stack dev in 2007
- I blog about startups & stuff giansegato.com ightarrow

Disclaimers

- Cross-talk between Finance & Tech
- Not much code will be shown
- Google technology will come at the end... as deus ex machina
- Still in time to leave, bros & sisters



Nerd presentation stack

- 1. Markdown + Deckset
- 2. Yes, this is the *Solarized* color scheme

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Nord procentation



Let's say that you have an idea... (it always starts like this)

- A friend comes and asks for help
- You do actually have a great idea
- You get some money or time from your company
- You start a petty project that scales like crazy

Congrats. You're now the CTO!

— and very good luck

Startups 101 What on earth is the CEO thinking?!

1. Startups: 1B \$ companies in the making

2. Ultra-scale fast propelled by other people's money (spoiler alert: agencies are not startups)

3. These people are called VC

4. They want to see proof before going for the bank transfer

Proof VCs want

- Hint that there's the so called product-market fit
- In pragmatic terms: prove traction!
- Issue: you have to iterate a lot because you have no fucking clue lacksquare
- Double issue: you have to move fast

Why fast? Why iterate? I know what I want to build and I know how much time it will take.

— you, now.

«As a startup you're either trying to do something no one knows how to do or competing with 50 other companies»



«You're doing both.»

— me.

MVPs: minimum viable products try everything by changing everything, fast

- small set of features
- complete enough to show that there's something
- keeping its complexity as low as possible, as you can't know in ightarrowadvance when and how this fit will happen

Reframing the problem

MVP = constrained minimization problem.

- minimize costs
- with the constraint of still being able to verify whether your biz idea works or not



Constraint

- Constraint = the product specs, the definition of the features that \bullet you'll have to defend during an investor meeting
- responsibility of the product team (CEO/CPO)

Minimization

• Minimization = Under the control of the tech team (CTO), which gets the specs and has to find a way to make them happen

«We don't care about specs. We're nerds.»

— us, today.

Mental model for CTOs

who wants to minimize whatever comes from the specs

Mental model for first-time CTOs

- 1. Minimize the number of code repos
- 2. Minimize code that is not visible 2.b Corollary: outsource non-critical complexity
- 3. You (almost) only need numbers

Minimize code repos AKA: centralise your tech stack

Minimize the number of code repos

- multiple code repos = different languages, different specialized developers and different dependencies
- which means:
 - --- coordination costs
 - --- management boilerplate
 - --- sunk costs
- growth + retention can't offset cost increase

Which means...

- 1. Go cross-platform
- 2. Avoid a backend altogether, if possible

2. Minimize code that is not visible AKA: prioritize fast deploys over your ability to scale

Minimize technology invisible to the users

- scale-related things should be significantly de-prioritized
- even documentation...
- especially management :-)

2b. Corollary: outsource non-critical complexity

AKA: use off-the-shelf tools as much as you can; nobody will remember your brand anyway

3. You (almost) only need numbers AKA: let's make an exception for analytics!

Wrapping up: Fast > scale

- No backend
- Single client codebase
- Heavy outsourcing ightarrow
- Remove management boilerplate

Google is totally in line with this approach

- No backend: Firebase Cloud Functions
- Fast deploy: Flutter
- Cross-platform: Flutter
- Outsource: Firebase Auth
- Remove management: Material Design

Y u so angry? I love native tho...

— you, native developer.

Native development costs. A lot.

- coordinate different devs doing the same thing
- adapt the very same feature to different environments (tech lacksquareinfrastructure & UI)
- track and then consolidate different metrics sources and KPIs
- very different performance marketing campaigns
- different marketing assets for each platform



$cost(scale_opportunity) > benefit(proving_scalability)$



tl;dr: kicking off a startup? Flutter & Firebase FTW

But wait... tech debt!

- Usually... you don't raise only once
- As CTO you have to speak w/ the CEO to include refactoring costs in the next funding round
- Money to rewrote everything from scratch again... \bullet

MVP: "this might work..."



Seed: "this can scale!"



As CTOs, you have to make sure that the tech strategy follows the fundraising one

Thanks.

Q&A